

MAP STRUCTURE

20 Mediterranean Countries & EU

Contracting Parties (CPs)

to the

BARCELONA CONVENTION

accompanied by

6 Protocols

MAP being the First Regional Seas Programme of UNEP comprises

- · MED POL Programme
- 6 Regional Activity Centers (RACs)
- Mediterranean Commission on Sustainable Development (MCSD)

coordinated by MEDU





Barcelona System

Barcelona Convention

for the Protection of the Marine Environment and the Coastal regions of the Mediterranean -- 1976 Amended -- 1995

Six protocols

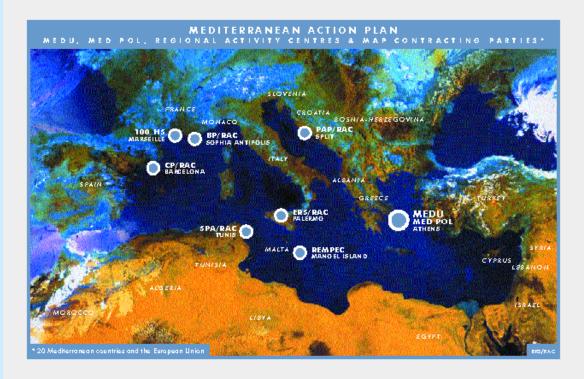
- Dumping Protocol: Protocol for the Prevention and Elimination of Pollution in the Mediterranean Sea by Dumping from Ships and Aircraft or Incineration at Sea (1976, as amended in 1995)
- Emergency Protocol: Protocol Concerning Cooperation in Combating pollution of the Mediterranean Sea by Oil and other Harmful Substances in Cases of Emergency (1976)
- Protocol Concerning Cooperation in Preventing Pollution from Ships and, in Cases of Emergency, Combating Pollution of the Mediterrnean Sea (signed in 2002)
- LBS Protol: Protocol for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea against Pollution from Land-Based Sources and Activities (1980, as amended in 1996)
- SPA and Biodiversity Protocol: Protocol Concerning Specially Protected Areas and Biological Diversity in the Mediterranean (1995, replacing the 1982 SPA Protocol)
- Offshore Protocol: Protocol for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea against Pollution resulting from Exploration and Exploitation of the Continental Shelf and the Seabed and its Subsoil (1994)
- Hazardous Wastes Protocol: Protocol on the Prevention of Pollution of the Mediterranean Sea By Transboundary Movements of hazardous Wastes and their Disposal (1996)





- REMPEC Regional Marine Pollution Emergency Response Centre for the Mediterranean Sea
- BP/RAC Blue Plan Regional Activity Centre
- PAP/RAC Priority Actions Programme Regional Activity Centre
- SPA/RAC Specially Protected Areas Regional Activity Centre
- ERS/RAC Environment Remote Sensing Regional Activity Centre
- CP/RAC Cleaner Production Regional Activity Centre

Each RAC offers its own environmental and developmental expertise for the benefit of the Mediterranean community through its implementation of MAP activities







Mediterranean Commission on Sustainable Development MCSD

An advisory body to MAP since 1995
to promote
sustainable development in the Mediterranean basin
in areas such as
tourism, trade, industry and urban management

Goals: - to identify/evaluate the major economic, ecological and social problems set out in Agenda MED 21 and to make appropriate proposals to the CPs - to rationalise the intergovernmental decision-making capacity in the Mediterranean basin







MED POL assists Mediterranean countries

in the formulation and implementation of pollution monitoring programmes and pollution control measures and

in drafting of action plans aiming to reduce and ultimately eliminate pollution from land-based sources

MED POL carries out capacity-building programmes related to

- data quality assurance
- provision of equipment
- training for the analysis and interpretation of the data
- training for managerial aspects

MED POL is also responsible with the follow up of the implementation of LBS, Dumping and Hazardous Wastes Protocols by the Mediterranean countries





MED POL Cooperation Network

- National Focal Points
- Marine Science Institutes/Laboratories
- Regional Experts
- International Organizations
- NGOs





MED POL-Phase I (1975-1980)

- Developed the capacities of the participants laboratories/countries
- Assisted countries for the formulation of research and monitoring programmes

MED POL-Phase II (1981-1995)

- Established National Monitoring Programmes
- Established a full Data Quality Assurance programme with MEL/IAEA
- Achieved a data bank of chemical contaminants

MED POL-Phase III (1996-2005)

- Enhanced a more objective-oriented monitoring for the management of Mediterranean coastal waters and sensitive areas by the harmonization of its components (assessment and control)
- Initiated a new action-oriented programme based on LBS Protocol called the Strategic Action Programme (SAP) which primarily aims to achieve an intensive reduction of pollution at source





MED POL (Phase III) is a diverse programme for pollution assessment and control in the Mediterranean

assessment component supported by

- trend monitoring of pollutants
- biological effects monitoring

control component supported by

compliance monitoring

assistance component provided for

- data quality assurance
- provision of equipment
- training for the analysis and interpretation of the data
- training for managerial aspects
- design of the monitoring programme
- provision of fellowships/ support to regional workshops...
- research on emerging issues

all of the components are harmonized within National Monitoring Programmes of the Countries





UNEP/MAP assistance provided for MED POL Phase III Monitoring Activities (2001)

DQA activities

- 2 training courses on the methodology of TM and OC analysis
- 1 group training course on biomarkers and 2 individual training
- 2 new intercomparison samples distributed to all MED POL labs.
- several QA missions to the labs
- purchase of equipment (5 new GC/Cs to MED POL labs)

Direct assisstance

 more than 200,000 USD provided for capacity building / implementation of the monitoring programmes

Research/capacity building projects

4 airborne pollution projects with the guidance of WMO

Fellowships

 participation of 12 scientists to regional conferences and workshops





MED POL Phase III

Trend Monitoring Programme

Implemented at four levels

- > Trend monitoring of contaminants in coastal and reference areas
- > Trend monitoring of pollutants in "hot spots" areas
- > Trend monitoring of **loads** from point and non-point sources of pollution
- > Trend monitoring of **biological effects** of contaminants





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Criteria for **Trend Monitoring**

MED POL III

	Coastal / Reference	Hot Spots	Loads	Bio- effects
Param.	Trace M. Organic C. (BOP)	Trace M. Organic C. (BOP)	Q, pH, T, HM, BOD, COD, TP, TN, FC etc	DNAx, EROD, MT, LMS
Samp. Frequ.	1/year	1/year	4-12/year 52/year	2-4/year
Matrix	BIO, SED (SW)	BIO, SED (SW)	WAT, EFF AIR	BIO
Species	MG MB	MG MB		MG MB





Trend Monitoring Strategy

MED POL III

- consistent implementation of the pre-set criteria
- long-term, continuous monitoring w/o temporal gaps
- monitoring at the same geo-referenced stations
- site-specific monitoring and assessments
- biota sampling at the pre-spawning period and sed/bio sampling at stable hydrographic conditions





MED POL Phase III

Trend Monitoring Network

- Ongoing monitoring programmes (7+5 draft) (bio-effects: 5+3 RAMOGE)
- Participating institutes
 (21 for TM, OC) (12 bio-effects)
- Monitoring stations(100 bio, 140 sed) (57 biomarkers)





U nited N ations Environm ent Program m e -M editerranean A ction Plan

Country	Draft	Finalized
Albania		1999
Algeria	2001	
Bosnia-Herzegovina		
Croatia		2000
Cyprus		1999
Egypt		
France		
Greece		2000
Israel		
Italy		
Lebanon	2002	
Libya		
Malta	2001	
Monaco	2001	
Morocco		
Spain		
Slovenia		1999
Syria	2000	
Tunisia		2001
Turkey		2000

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Novelties to MED POL III

- > Eutrophication monitoring
- Co-operation with international organizations for the estimation of loads of land-based pollutants to the coastal waters of Mediterranean
- > Re-structuring the database





Eutrophication Monitoring

• Short term strategy A set of mandatory parameters be adopted for each affected coastal area related to their back lying catchment areas

• Dec 2001

• May 2002

• 2003

Proposed mandatory parameters

Temperature Dissolved Oxygen

pH DIP, TP*

Transparency DIN, TN*

Salinity Si

Chlorophyll-a Phytoplankton abundance and

species composion*

- **Medium term strategy** A database of historical records of events for a better assessment of the ecosystem quality
- Long term strategy A possibility to develop/test a new indicator system on sensitive biological communities

Monitoring of Mediterranean Marine Eutrophication: Strategy, Parameters and Indicators (Draft), Dec.2001





Co-operation regarding LBS load estimates

Need for making overall assessments of loads at regional and sub-regional scales in the Mediterranean

MAP/MED POL co-operation with international organizations and programmes

WMO, EMEP, IOC





Re-structuring the database

Need for a functional database to store and manage data, present the results, prepare the necessary outputs for the end-users, be accessed through internet

