

MEDAR-MEDATLAS II 1999-2001

Mediterranean Data Archaeology and Rescue of Temperature, Salinity and Bio-chemical Parameters (MAS3-CT98--0174/ERBIC20-CT98-0103)

Project Results Overview

MAMA Kick-Off Meeting
UNESCO/IOC, Paris, 11-12 March 2002

MEDAR Group erine MAILLARD, project co

presented by Catherine MAILLARD, project coordinator IFREMER/TMSI/IDM/SISMER



EC-Marine Science & Technology Programme

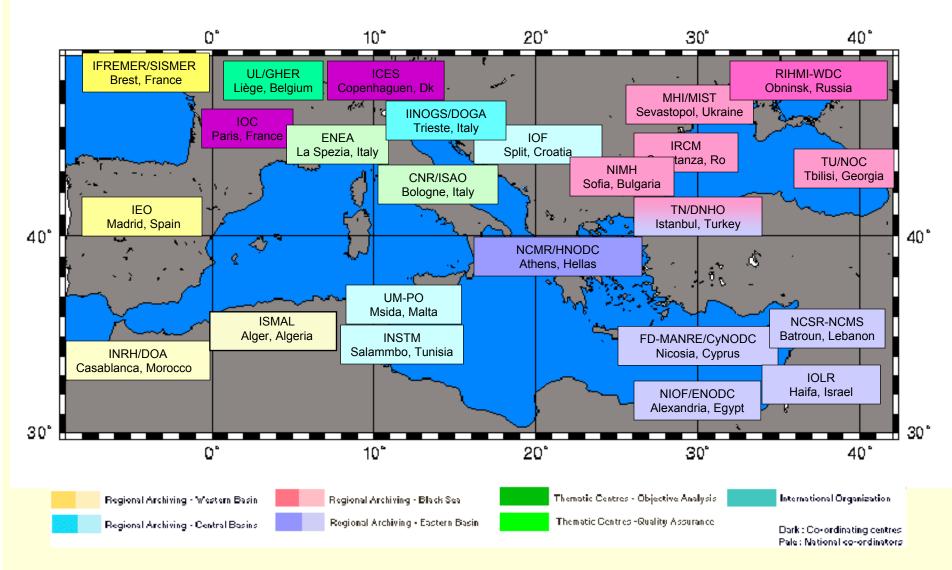
Questions Asked and Needs

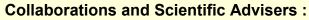
- The need for marine database and appropriate data management is particularly crucial in the Mediterranean and Black Sea: for environmental studies, for qualification of new data that requires statistics of expected values, for initialisation and qualification of numerical models
- Managing living and non-living resources, monitoring environmental changes in the sea and protecting the marine environment, require long time series of observations of:
 - **Dissolved Oxygen**: low oxygen levels in the upper layers, can result in reduction of higher life forms, release of toxic forms of metals and pathology in living organisms.
- Nutrients: changes in nutrient fluxes can alter primary production and bio-diversity, and can directly affect aquaculture and fishing activity.
- **Temperature and Salinity:** are the primary indicators of climate change and allow the computation of other derived parameters such as density, sound velocity, and geostrophic current, widely used in scientific and technical studies.
- ◆ The data collected by the scientific laboratories are not always available for public use, and frequently not even inventoried and safeguarded. Data never archived in a public data bank are in danger of being lost. Studies show that without appropriate safeguarding, about 30% of them will be lost within 10 years. Data collected in variable environment cannot be remade.





MEDAR GROUP





GODAR Project - WDC-A, EUROGOOS, IODE Network







Project History and International Context

UNESCO/IOC/IODE

- → 1988 : Global Sea Surface Temperature Salinity Pilot Project (GTSPP) launched
- → 1993 : Global Oceanographic Data Archaeology and Rescue Project (GODAR)
- → 1995 : IOC-ICSU-CEC/GODAR IV Regional Workshop Mediterranean, Malta
- → 1996: Mediterranean Data Archaeology and Rescue of temperature, salinity and bio-chemical parameter (MEDAR), officially endorsed by IOC
- → 1997: IOC-EC-Turkish DC/ First MEDAR/MEDATLAS Meeting, Istanbul

◆ EC/MAST: Marine Science and Technology Programme

- → **1995-1996**: **MODB** (MAS2-CT93-0075)
- → 1994-1997: MEDATLAS Pilot Project (MAS2-CT93-0074)
- → 1997: MEDAR/MEDATLAS II submitted and accepted
- → Dec 1998: MEDAR/MEDATLAS II MAST/INCO Concerted action contract for a 3-year support period December 1998 to 2001
- → March 1999 : Kick-off Meeting in Paris
- → Dec. 1999: QC Workshop in Brest and Athens
- → June 2000: Steering Committee Meeting, Varna
- > Dec. 2000: IInd Annual Workshop, Nicosia
- → June 2001: Steering Committee Meeting, Madrid
- → Dec. 2001: IIIrd Annual Workshop, Trieste







Objectives and Methodology of Medar/Medatlas II

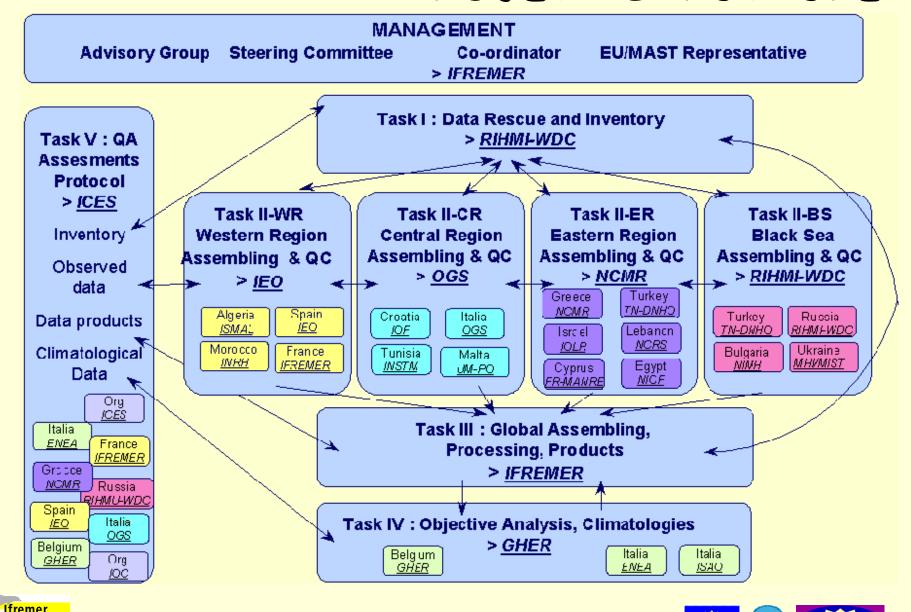
- 1: to inventory, safeguard and make available historical data sets of : Temperature, Salinity, Oxygen, Nitrate, Nitrite, Ammonia, Total Nitrogen, Phosphate, Total Phosphorus, Silicate, H2S, pH, Alkalinity, Chlorophyll-a
- 2: to make the archived data sets comparable and compatible by using a common MEDATLAS protocol for formatting and quality checking
- ◆ 3: to prepare qualified value added products by developing and using efficient gridding, and mapping methodology developed with the Variational Inverse Model of MODB
- ◆ 4: to publish and disseminate the observed data, gridded analysed data, maps, software and documentation on CDrom for further scientific, educational, industrial, governmental use
- ◆ 5: to develop and document a common methodology for data and meta-data formatting and qualifying, based on the internationally agreed standards.







PROJECT STRUCTURE











NODC/DNA DATA CIRCULATION Benchmark 3: OCT 2000 GAC Benchmark 4: JULY 2001 RDC IFREMER/France SCOOP: Loading in ERROR LIST CORRECTED DATA SET the data base SELMED: Pre-processing AC GHER/Belgium Benchmark 3: NOVEMBER 2000 Benchmark 4: SEPTEMBER 2001



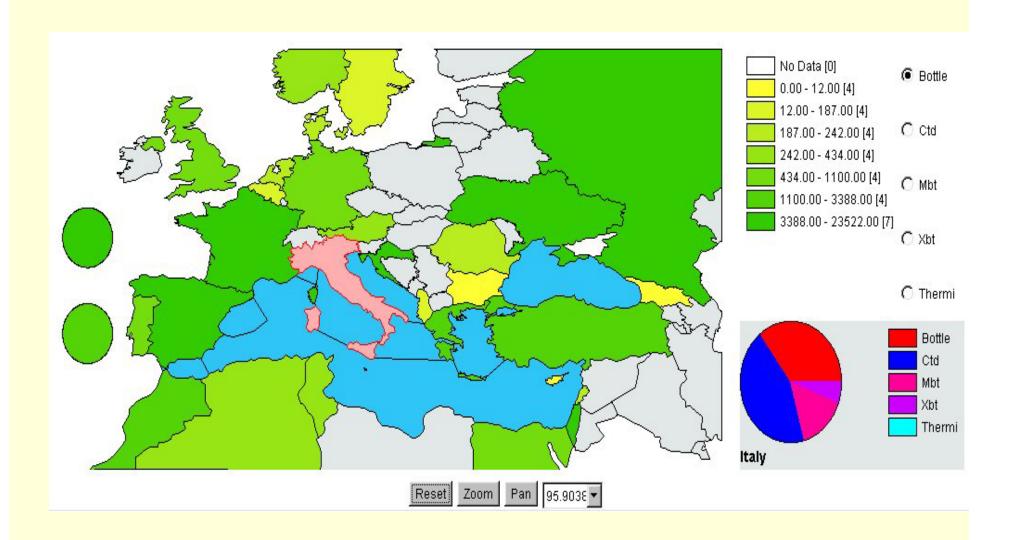


Results





Medatlas Inventory









Content of the database - Data Types

Data type	Nb of Profiles in MEDATLAS 2001 (MEDATLAS 97)
CTD	36 054 <i>(15 533)</i>
Bottle	88 453 <i>(33 916)</i>
MBT and XBT	161 890 (156 471)
Thermistors	29 (29)







Content of the new database - by Parameters

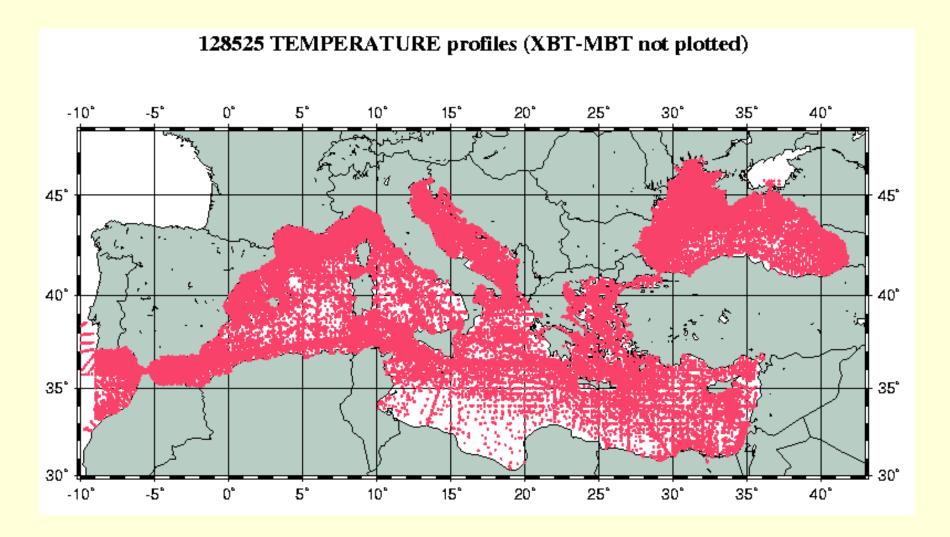
Parameter	Nb of Profiles	Parameter	Nb of Profiles		
Temperature	284 946	Nitrite	10 561		
Salinity	118 509	Ammonium	5 301		
Oxygen	44 989	Chlorophyll	4 716		
Phosphate	20 808	Alkalinity	2 548		
Silicate	15 936	Total Phosporus	2381		
PH	14 458	H25	1 843		
Nitrate	10 588	Total Nitrogen	153		







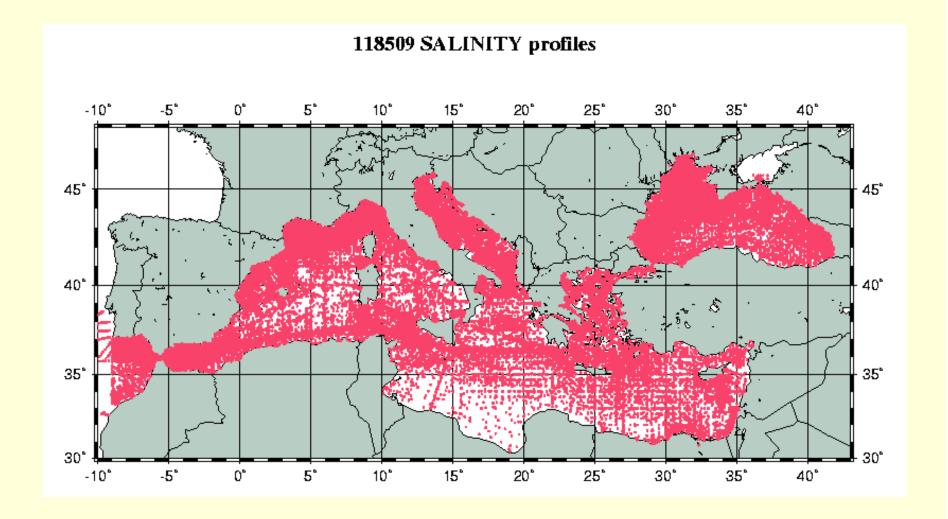
TEMPERATURE







SALINITY

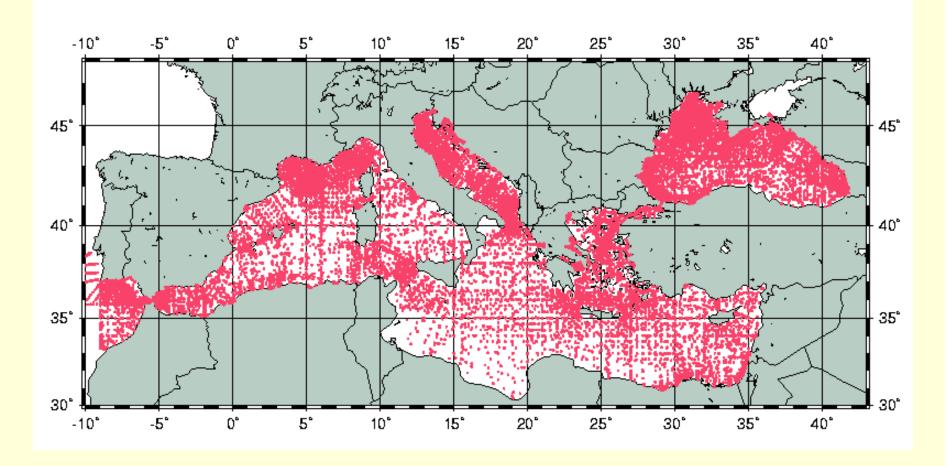






OXYGEN

44989 OXYGEN profiles

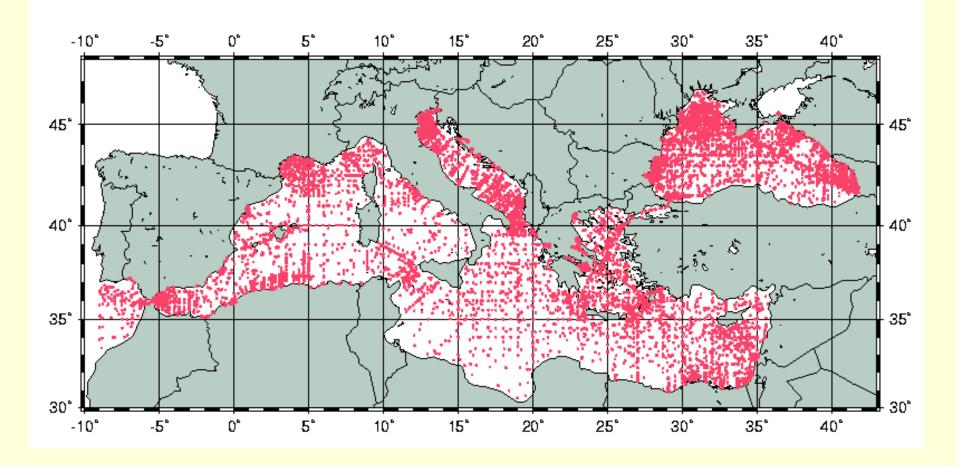






PHOSPHATE

20808 PHOSPHATE profiles

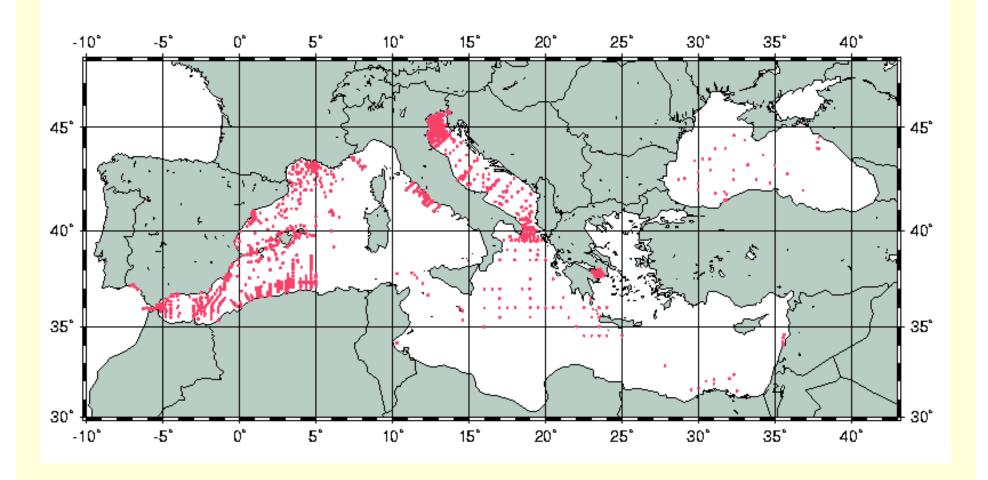






CHLOROPHYLL

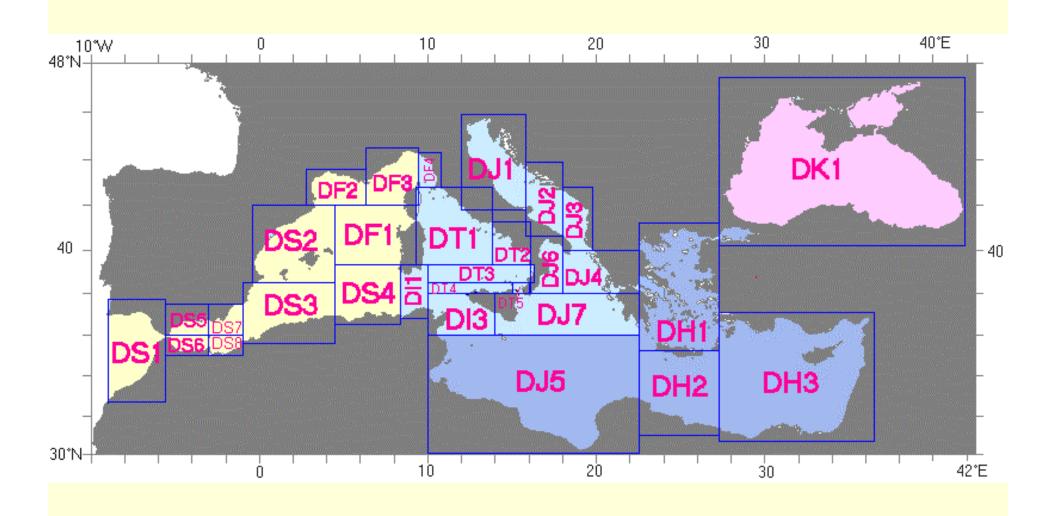
4716 CHLOROPHYLL profiles







Regional Assembling and Quality Checks









Quality Assurance Medatlas Common Protocol for Observations

- Objective: to insure coherence and compatibility between data sets from various sources
- Methodology:
 - development of existing international standards
 - workshop and job training in regional inter-calibrated data centres
- Content
 - 1. common MEDATLAS exchange format, which according to ICES/IOC GETADE recommendations should:
 - be auto-descriptive
 - be independent of the computer
 - be flexible and accept (almost) any number of parameters
 - keep track of the source and history of the data
 - allow the processing of each profile independently
 - 2. quality checks procedure with automatic and visual checks, and quality flags as a result (extended IOC/GTSPP protocol)

This protocol is used in several Mediterranean projects and taken into account in international projects





Medatlas Format

```
*FI29199662004 MTPII-MATER/CNL JUL96
                                                29DB ODON DE BUEN
31/07/1996 03/08/1996 BALEARIC SEA
29 UIB, IEO, Institut de Ciencies del Mar, Barcelona, Font Jordi
                                         Project=MTP II-MATER
PINOT Jean-Michel
Regional Archiving= FI
                                         Availability=L
Data Type=B02 n= 2 QC=Y
Data Type=H09 n= 2 QC=Y
Data Type=H21 n=
                 2 OC=V
Data Type=H22 n=
                 2 QC=Y
                                            Cruise Header
Data Type=H24 n=
                 2 QC=Y
Data Type=H25 n=
                 2 QC=Y
Data Type=H26 n= 2 QC=Y
COMMENT
DOXY is calculated from DOX1 following this equation :
DOXY = 44.66 DOX1
DM=CPHL controlled with no climatology
DM=DOXY controlled with Levitus 94
DM=PRES TEMP DOX1 NTRA NTRI PHOS SLCA controlled with Levitus 94
*FI2919966200400030 Data Type=H09
*DATE=03081996 TIME=1446 LAT=N39 24.80 LON=E002 14.00 DEPTH=114
                                                                   OC=1111
*NB PARAMETERS=09 RECORD LINES=00005
*PRES SEA PRESSURE sea surface=0
                                    (decibar=10000 pascals)
                                                                   def. = -999.9
*TEMP SEA TEMPERATURE
                                                                   def. = 99.999
                                    (Celsius degree)
*DOXY DISSOLVED OXYGEN
                                                                   def. = 999.99
                                    (millimole/m3)
                                                                   def. = 99.99
*DOX1 DISSOLVED OXYGEN
                                    (m1/1)
*NTRA NITRATE (NO3-N) CONTENT
                                    (millimole/m3)
                                                                   def.= 99.99
*NTRI NITRITE (NO2-N) CONTENT
                                    (millimole/m3)
                                                                   def.= 9.99
                                                                   def. = 99.999
*PHOS PHOSPHATE (PO4-P) CONTENT
                                    (millimole/m3)
*SLCA SILICATE (SIO4-SI) CONTENT
                                    (millimole/m3)
                                                                   def .= 9.99
                                                                   def. = 9.99
*CPHL CHLOROPHYLL-A CONTENT
                                    (milligram/m3)
*GLOBAL PROFILE QUALITY FLAG=1 GLOBAL PARAMETERS QC FLAGS=111111111
*DC HISTORY=BOTTLES
*DM HISTORY
                                         Station 1 Header
*COMMENT
*SURFACE SAMPLES=
*PRES TEMP DOXY DOX1 NTRA NTRI PHOS SLCA CPHL
  25.0 24.270 228.21 5.11
                           0.08 0.01 0.070 0.92 0.05 111111111
                                                                    Station 1
  50.0 15.804 273.77
                           0.03 0.01
                                      0.060 0.97 0.14 111111111
                     6.13
  70.0 14.198 247.86 5.55
                          0.02 0.04
                                     0.070 0.49 0.55 111111111
                                                                      Data
  80.0 13.983 240.27 5.38 0.42 0.13
                                     0.050 0.26 1.13 111111111
 100.0 13.442 219.73 4.92 3.24 0.16 0.090 2.02 0.23 111111111
                                                                      Points
-999.9 99.999 999.99 99.99 99.99 99.99 9.99 9.99 9.99 9.99
```







Quality Checks

CHECKS

QC-0: check the format: coherence of station date, time, latitude, longitude, cruise header, conformity of the codes for ship, data type, parameters names & units...

QC-1: check of the time and location, search for duplicates

QC-2: check the data points

RESULT = <u>ELIMINATION</u> or Addition of a <u>QUALITY</u> <u>FLAG to each numerical value (GTSPP Flag scale)</u>







Correct I



Inconsistent



Doubtfu



Rad



Changed



Missing









QC-1: check of the time, location & duplicates

Automatic Checks Result

Duplicate data sets: E

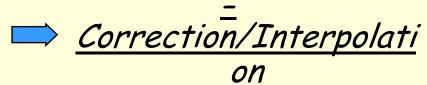
Date E or

Ship velocity E or

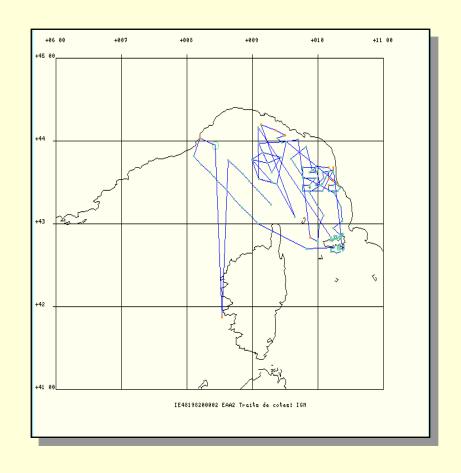
Location/shoreline E or

Bottom sounding (ETOPO5)

E= Elimination



= Flag «Inconsistant with statistics» - no correction











QC-2: check of the data points

Automatic Checks Result

Pressure + one more observation (E)

Out of the regional scale

(min & max values)

Increasing pressure

Data below the bottom depth

Coherence with pre-existing

statistics

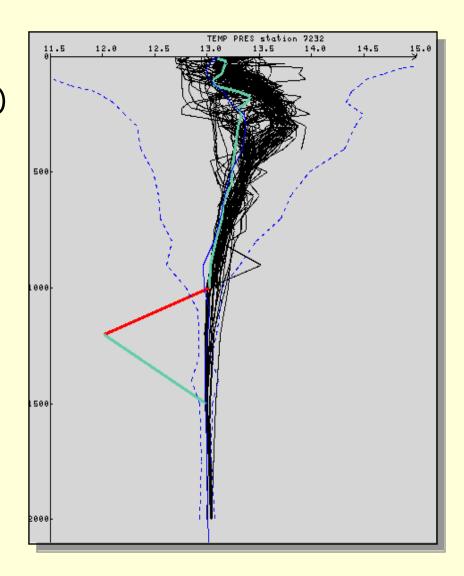
(LEVITUS, MODB, MEDATLAS,

No constant profiles

Spikes

Vertical stability

E= Elimination



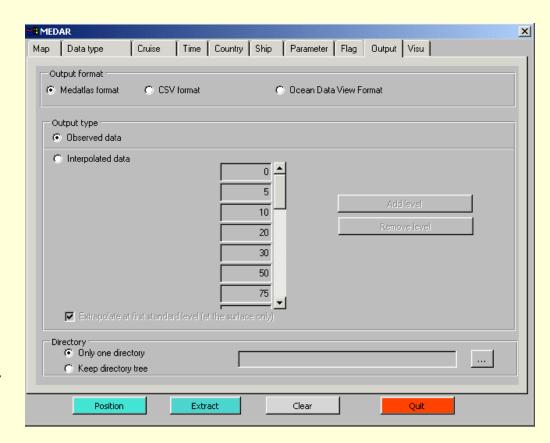






Global Assembling, Processing & Products

- with SCOOP (RDBS QC software):
 - Final QC: format, duplicates
- With SELMEDAR (software on CDrom 2):
 - Extraction of data flagged to 1 or 2
 - Interpolation at standard levels
 - Annual, seasonal and monthly data position distribution
 - Interface to WOCE/ODV import format
- More data processing software has been developed by partners











Objective Analysis - Climatologies

Methodology

- Computation of Climatological Analysis by Variationnal Inverse Model (VIM) algorithms
- Computation and Mapping of gridded fields with DIVA Software
- QC of T/S and bio-chemical climatological gridded analysed data by regional experts and modellers

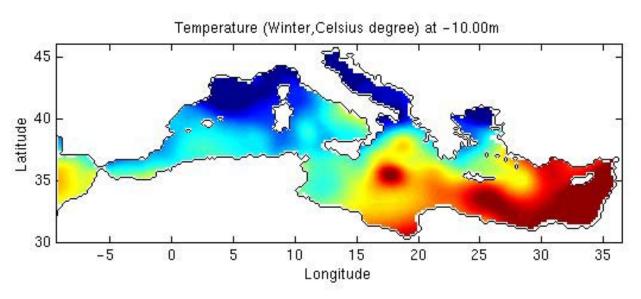
Products

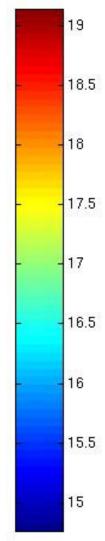
- → CDrom 3: Atlas Maps
- CDrom 4: Numerical Fields (NetCdf)
- Web site: Numerical Atlas + DIVA Software & documentation

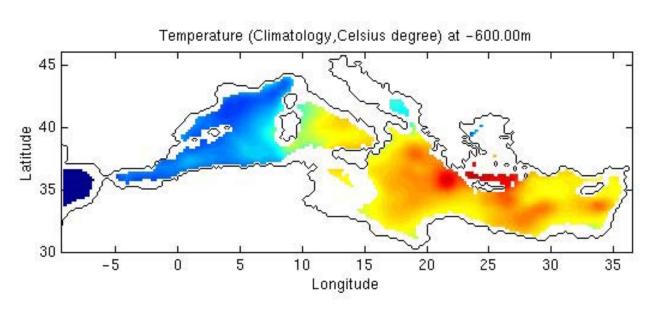


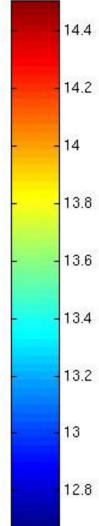


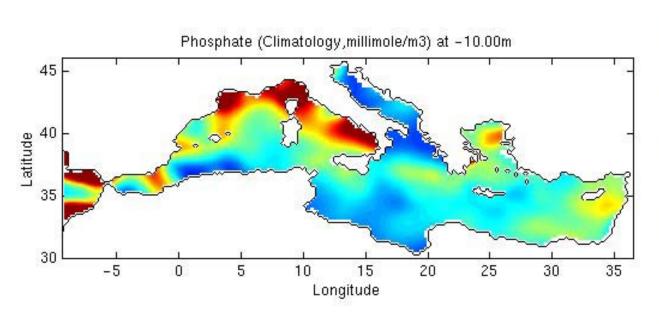


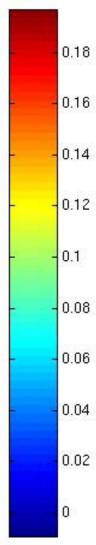




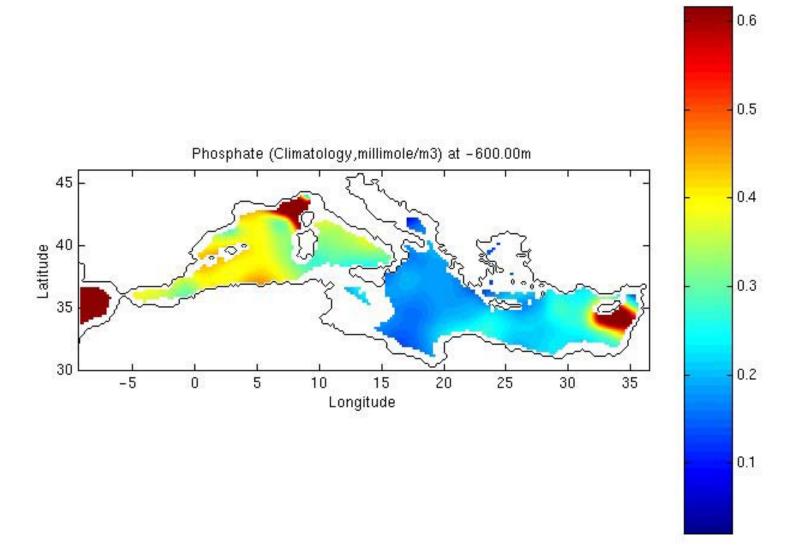






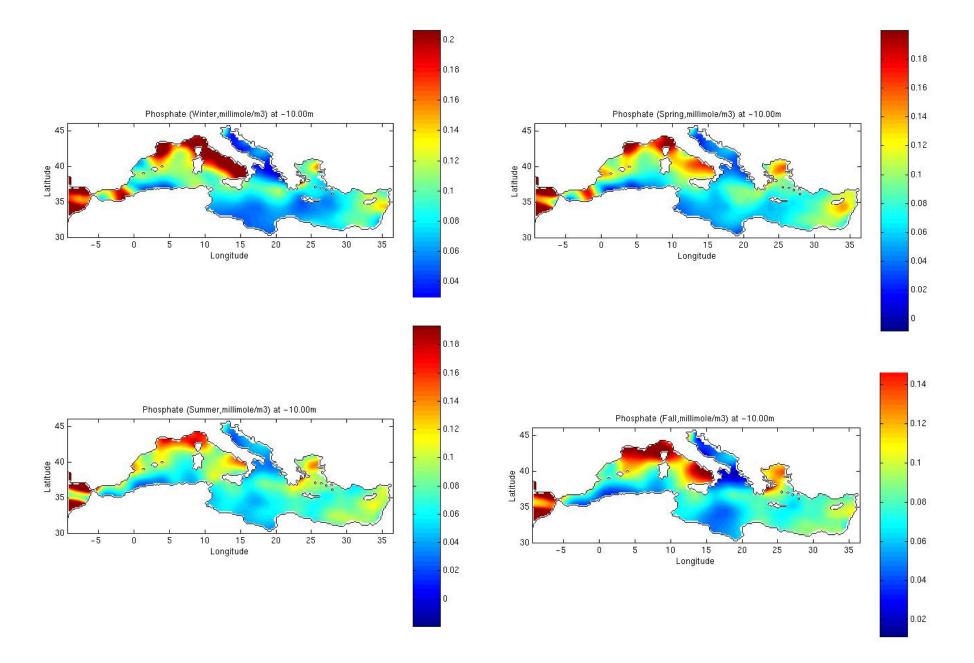




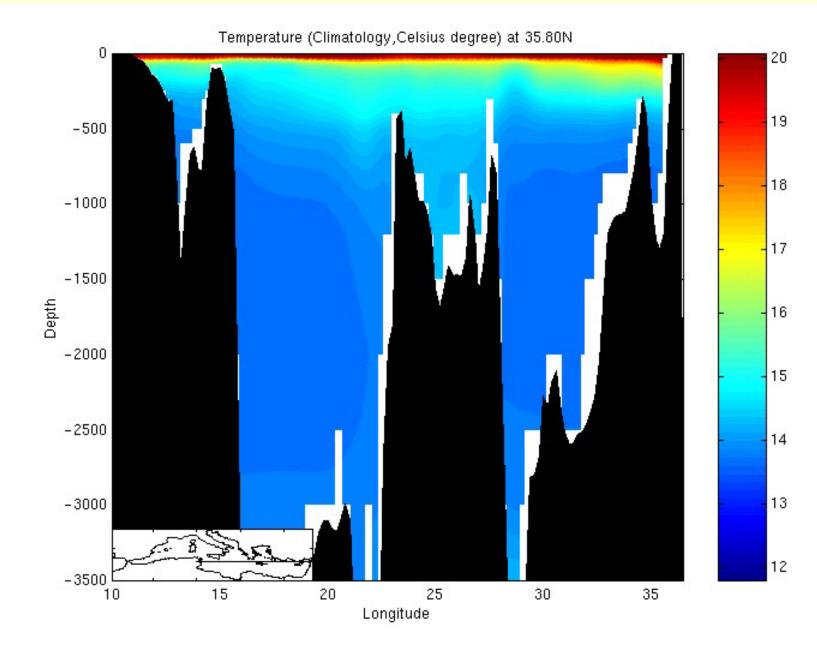






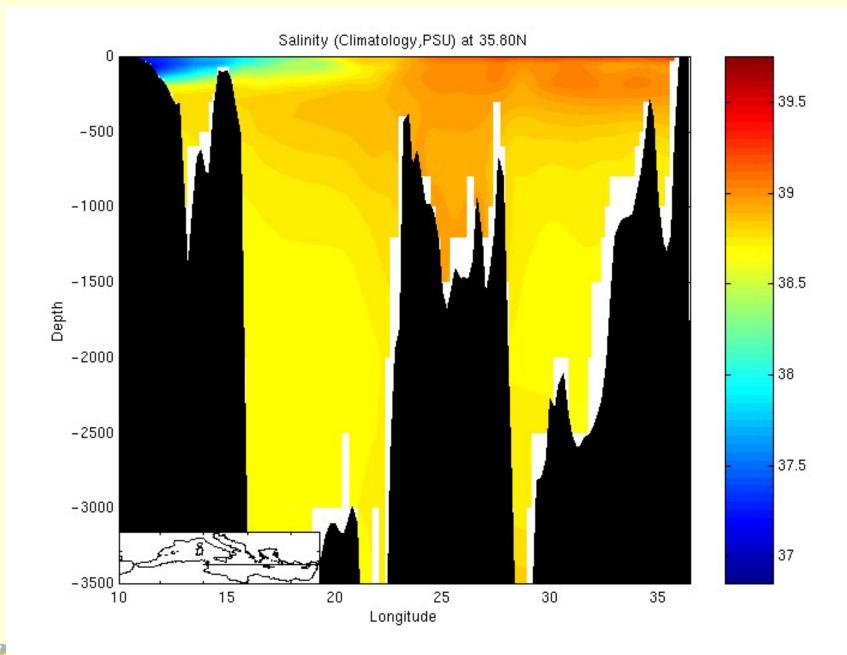




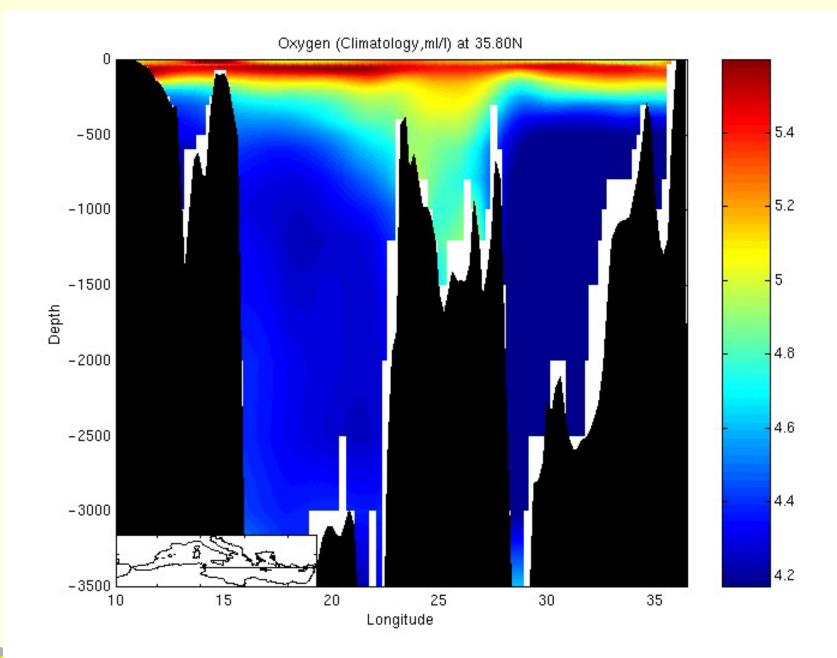




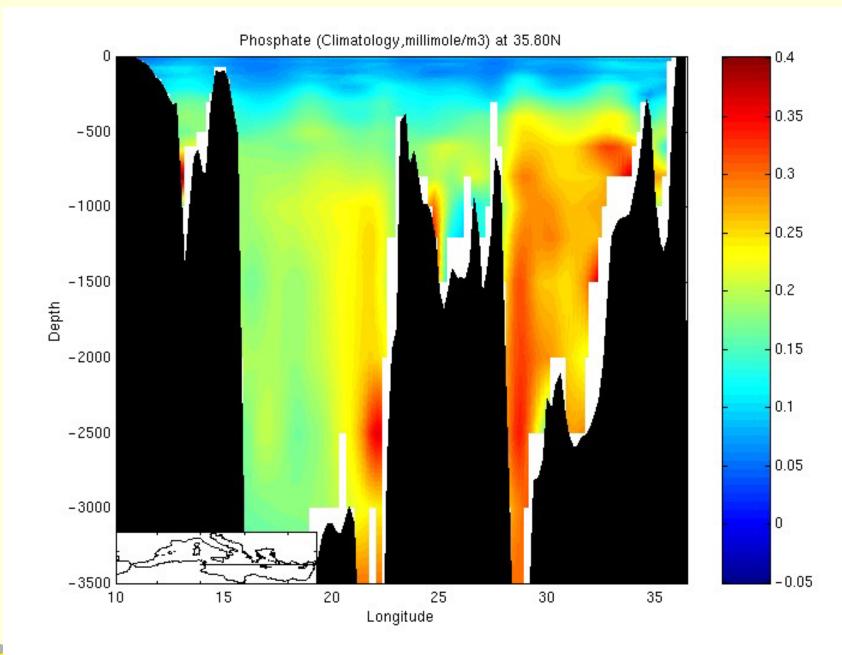




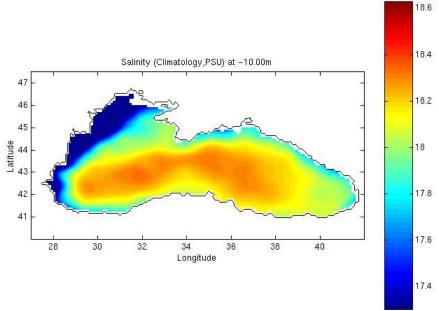


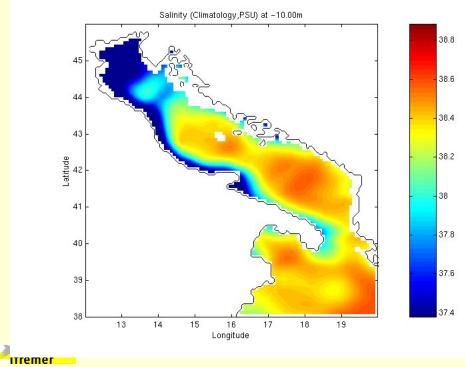


















DISSEMINATION OF THE RESULTS

- From the beginning of the project
 - → Data servicing at each NODC/DNA through Medatlas I release + releasable new national data
 - → Web site: http://www.ifremer.fr/medar/ and network websites for meta-data, data requests and dissemination of information
 - → Information & Promotion of the project at governmental levels through IOC mechanisms, Brochures, Posters, Papers and participation to scientific meetings & exhibitions

♦ From now

- → MEDAR/Medatlas II data set published on Cdrom
- Access to data, data products and information at the NODC/DNA for at least 5 year

Tormat & QC prometation and disseminated with IOC manuals









NETWORKING

WWW Links between Coordinating, Regional, Thematic and National

Websites



Welcome on the Medar/medatlas II Web site

The overall objective of the MEDAR/MEDATLAS II project is to make available a comprehensive data product of temperature, salinity and bio-chemical data in the Mediterranean and Black Sea, through a wide co-operation of the Mediterranean countries.

On this web site you can find more information on:

[Project] [Participants] [Cruise Inventory] [National Data Sets] [Regional Data Assembling and Quality Checks] [Observation Data] [Climatological Data] [Quality Assurance] [Formats & Codes] [Documentation] [News, Meetings] [IMPACTS Cluster] [Links] [Medatlas 97]

Last Information : Trieste Workshop December 2001

→ www.ifremer.fr/medar







♦ DONE

CONCLUSION

- Doubling the volume of data available for public use
- → Improvement of the climatology
- Contribute to decrease the time lag between data collection and data release
- → Extension of the GTSPP data qualification protocol from temperature to bio-chemical parameters and adjustment to the local conditions
- Development of a distributed data management structure trained in data qualifying, processing, mapping, archiving and communication

But these results are not granted for ever and still remain

◆ TO BE DONE

- → Archiving of recent data
- → Other important parameters: surface data, current, CO2 data
- → Avoid the recirculation of duplicates common international referencing system









Acknowledgments

- ◆ European Commission for the grants MAS3-CT98-0174/ERBIC20-CT98-0103 without which this project would not have been possible
- National scientific institutes and data centres which participated to the data collection and the data archiving
- Public and private groups which contributed to the software development
- ◆ International Organisations IOC, ICES, EUROGOOS and MEDGOOS which gave support, advises and publicity to the project
- Other national organisations like Foreign Affairs Ministries which supported several missions and exchange of personnel





Time Schedule and Data Flow

Data Flow

- → Bench Mark 1: test the format of national data sets
- → Bench Mark 2: test the format, codes and overall coherence between regional QC centres and the global assembling centre
- → Bench Mark 3: test of the bio-chemical data sets processing
- Bench Mark 4: test of the complete data set and the full processing
- > Final processing of the complete data set
- Reference protocol manual

Time Schedule

TASK \ Date 1/1	2/98			1/12	2/99		1/12	2/00			1/12	2/01
I - Data Rescue & Inventory	→		↓	₩								
II - Regional Assembling & QC	↓ BM1	4	+	$\rightarrow \hspace{-0.5cm} \downarrow \hspace{-0.5cm} \downarrow$		Ţ.						
III - Integration, Processing, Products			↓∢ BM2	→ ~	, →	Æ	↓ —		ψψ		介介	
IV - Objective analysis, Climatologies					\	∢ BM3	↓ BM4	1	ΨŲ	介介		
V - Quality Assurance			QC WS							A		







Quality Assurance Assessments

- MEDAR/MEDATLAS protocol Quality Assurance Manual for Observed data, climatological data, inventory
 - → A Contribution to the development of International Standards for Marine Information Management
 - → Based on existing international Reference Manuals
 - UNESCO/IOC/IODE & MAST, 1993: Manual of Quality control procedures for validation of oceanographic data. Manual and Guides 26.
 - UNESCO/IOC & ICSU, 1991: Manual on Oceanographic Data Exchange.
 Manual and Guides 9
 - UNESCO 1987: Un format général pour les données relative à l'environnement terrestre. Description du format GF3 et des tables de code; Manuels et guides 17.
 - UNESCO/SCOR/ICES/IAPSO 1983 : Algorithms for computation of fundamental properties of seawater. Technical papers in marine science 44
 - Ref: UNESCO Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, 1994. IODE Handbook. Committee on International Oceanographic Data and Information Exchange

Workshops

- → QC workshop for observed data: Brest and Athens 1999
- → Objective Analysis and Mapping : Liège Colloquium







